



## Software Engineering Seminar

# **Cross-Project Defect Prediction**

# Description

Defect prediction has been one of the most popular topics in software engineering, which usually consists of code history mining, instance generation, data pre-processing, training, and prediction [1]. Different from traditional within-project defect prediction approaches which is based on history data of different versions from the same project, cross-project defect prediction collects training data from other projects to enable prediction for new projects.

Cross-project defect prediction is usually considered as a transfer learning problem [2]. Recent studies have leveraged different models to improve the performance: Zhang et al. [5] proposed an unsupervised spectral clustering based classifier; In Xia et al.'s approach [4], a genetic algorithm and ensemble learning are applied to create a hybrid model; Ryu et al. [3] proposed a value-cognitive boosting with support vector machine approach to alleviate data imbalance problems.

The goal of this seminar topic is to examine and discuss the current state of the art cross-project defect prediction approaches based on the given literatures, which includes technical summarization, comparison of different approaches, and critical discussion.

#### References

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- [3] Duksan Ryu, Okjoo Choi, and Jongmoon Baik. Value-cognitive boosting with a support vector machine for cross-project defect prediction. *Empirical Software Engineering*, 21(1):43–71, Feb 2016.
- [4] Xin Xia, David Lo, Sinno Jialin Pan, Nachiappan Nagappan, and Xinyu Wang. Hydra: Massively compositional model for cross-project defect prediction. *IEEE Transactions on Software Engineering*, 42(10):977–998, Oct 2016.
- [5] Feng Zhang, Quan Zheng, Ying Zou, and Ahmed E. Hassan. Cross-project defect prediction using a connectivity-based unsupervised classifier. In *Proceedings of the 38th International Conference on Software Engineering*, ICSE '16, pages 309–320, New York, NY, USA, 2016. ACM.

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